**Caring for Medical Emergencies**

From Brady’s First Responder (8th Edition)

98 Questions

[1.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.410) In which of the following is the heart muscle starved of  
oxygen rich blood, but does not suffer any damage?  
p. 252

A.) Congestive heart failure  
\*B.) Angina pectoris  
C.) Cardio pulmonary embolism  
D.) Myocardial infarction

[2.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.455) How are gases, vapors and sprays taken into the body?  
p. 274

A.) Absorption  
B.) Ingestion  
\*C.) Inhalation  
D.) Injection

[3.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.476) Where is the "Vial of Life" kept?  
p. 282

A.) Lockbox  
\*B.) Refrigerator  
C.) Mailbox  
D.) Bedroom

[4.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.460) Who must be contacted before any care is given for a  
suspected poisoning?  
p. 277

\*A.) Medical direction  
B.) Family members  
C.) Poison control  
D.) Incident commander

[5.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.420) What position is most often comfortable for the patient  
when his symptoms indicate cardiac compromise?  
p. 257

A.) Laying flat  
B.) Standing  
\*C.) Semi sitting  
D.) Inverted

[6.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.470) How should insect stingers be removed from the patient's  
skin?  
p. 280

A.) Pull them out  
B.) Pluck them out  
C.) Cut them off  
\*D.) Scrape them away

[7.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.493) What is often a precursor to violence?  
p. 292

A.) Overuse of eye contact  
B.) Lack of movement  
C.) Posturing  
\*D.) Verbal abuse

[8.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.429) Which is a sign of advanced COPD?  
p. 263

A.) Weakness of fatigue  
B.) Shortness of breath  
C.) Persistent cough  
\*D.) Barrel-chest appearance

[9.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.409) Which of the following patients is least likely to suffer  
from indigestion during a cardiac event?  
p. 252

A.) Diabetic  
B.) Woman  
C.) Elderly  
\*D.) Man

[10.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.418) What position will most likely be comfortable for the  
patient with congestive heart failure?  
p. 256

\*A.) Sitting upright  
B.) On the right side  
C.) On the left side  
D.) Laying down

[11.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.457) Which type of poisoning is difficult to detect because the  
signs and symptoms vary so much?  
p. 275

A.) Arsenic  
B.) Acetaminophen  
C.) Phosphorus  
\*D.) Food

[12.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.437) How long does a seizure generally last as a maximum?  
p. 267

A.) 90 seconds  
B.) 15 seconds  
C.) 45 seconds  
\*D.) 60 seconds

[13.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.416) What should be done first when the medical patient's chief  
complaint is chest pain?  
p. 255

A.) Trauma assessment  
B.) Rapid assessment  
C.) Rapid physical exam  
\*D.) Patient history

[14.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.480) How should you cool the heat exhaustion patient?  
p. 285

\*A.) Fanning  
B.) Icing  
C.) Stripping  
D.) Packing

[15.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.423) What is the condition when the patient is unable to stop  
breathing too rapidly?  
p. 259

\*A.) Hyperventilation  
B.) Pneumonia  
C.) Asthma  
D.) Emphysema

[16.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.427) What should the patient who is having trouble breathing  
support himself with to ease the efforts in expanding the   
chest?  
p. 261

A.) Abdomen  
\*B.) Forearms  
C.) Feet  
D.) Chest

[17.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.475) What color will the lips often turn when a patient is  
experiencing anaphylactic shock?  
p. 282

\*A.) Blue  
B.) Red  
C.) Green  
D.) Yellow

[18.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.433) Which of the following may be the only symptom of a stroke  
at first?  
p. 265

A.) Seizures  
\*B.) Headache  
C.) Syncope  
D.) Hypertension

[19.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.448) Which of the following should NOT be given to an  
unresponsive diabetic patient?  
p. 271

A.) Oxygen  
\*B.) Soft drink  
C.) Oral glucose  
D.) Insulin injection

[20.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.458) Which sign and symptom is seen late in the case of  
acetaminophen poisoning?  
p. 275

A.) Abdominal pain  
\*B.) Altered mental status  
C.) Vomiting  
D.) Nausea

[21.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.419) What should be suspected if you find a patient with no  
pulse and no breathing with no bystanders nearby?  
p. 256

A.) Diabetic emergency   
B.) Allergic reaction  
C.) Stroke  
\*D.) Heart attack

[22.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.440) Which of the following is NOT generally seen with a  
generalized seizure?  
p. 267

A.) Loss of bladder control  
B.) Frothing at the mouth  
C.) Sensation of a strong odor  
\*D.) Gradual loss of consciousness

[23.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.456) Where are poisons injected into?  
p. 274

\*A.) The bloodstream  
B.) The cells  
C.) The mucous membranes  
D.) The throat

[24.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.471) From which of the following do more people in the United  
States die each year?  
p. 281

\*A.) Wasp stings  
B.) Mosquito bites  
C.) Snakebites  
D.) Ant bites

[25.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.452) Which is NOT a sign and symptoms associated with acute  
abdomen?  
p. 273

A.) Signs of developing shock  
B.) Fever  
\*C.) Slow pulse  
D.) Tenderness

[26.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.450) Which is true regarding abdominal pain?  
p. 272

\*A.) The cause is always something simple  
B.) Abdominal pain is nothing serious  
C.) Your role is to diagnose the cause  
D.) The organs near the pain are involved

[27.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.415) What condition will the skin be found in with a patient  
suffering from congestive heart failure?  
p. 255

A.) Flushed  
B.) Cyanotic  
C.) Red  
\*D.) Pale

[28.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.422) How many sprays of nitroglycerin should be given under the  
tongue for patients who suffer angina?  
p. 258

A.) Three  
B.) Four  
C.) Two  
\*D.) One

[29.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.424) How long in relation to inhaling should exhaling take?  
p. 259

A.) The same amount of time  
B.) Three times as long as  
C.) Four times as long as  
\*D.) Twice as long as

[30.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.492) Which of the following is NOT emergency care of a patient  
with a behavioral emergency?  
p. 291

A.) Inform the patient of what you are doing  
B.) Maintain a comfortable distance  
\*C.) Humor them about hallucinations  
D.) Answer questions honestly

[31.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.499) Which of the following give an initial rush and then  
depress the central nervous system?  
p. 294

A.) Narcotics  
B.) Downers  
C.) Hallucinogens  
\*D.) Volatile chemicals

[32.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.495) What should you attempt to use when restraining an elderly  
patient?  
p. 293

A.) Hard hand straps  
B.) Full body suit on the cot  
C.) Soft restraints  
\*D.) Adjustable straps on the cot

[33.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.500) Which type of drug includes amobarbital and barbiturates?  
p. 295

\*A.) Downers  
B.) Narcotics  
C.) Mind-altering drugs  
D.) Uppers

[34.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.467) Which of the following is NOT a common sign of an absorbed  
poison?  
p. 279

A.) Increased skin temperature  
\*B.) Abnormal pulse rate  
C.) Eye irritation  
D.) Anaphylactic shock

[35.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.464) What should be worn when removing contaminated clothing  
from an inhalation poisoning patient?  
p. 279

A.) Boots  
B.) Body suit  
C.) Eye protection  
\*D.) Gloves

[36.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.439) Which type of seizure involves a temporary loss of  
concentration with no dramatic body movements?  
p. 267

A.) Specified  
\*B.) Partial complex  
C.) Generalized  
D.) Complete complex

[37.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.483) Which heat emergency should be considered life  
threatening?  
p. 286

A.) Heat exhaustion  
\*B.) Heat stroke  
C.) Heat cramps  
D.) Heat fatigue

[38.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.459) How many poison control centers are there in the United  
States?  
p. 276

A.) 90  
B.) 80  
\*C.) 60  
D.) 70

[39.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.494) Who may need to be contacted before initiating care of a  
behavioral emergency patient without consent?  
p. 292

A.) Incident commander  
\*B.) Law enforcement  
C.) Primary care physician  
D.) Family members

[40.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.478) On a hot day up to how much sweat can a person lose per  
hour?  
p. 283

A.) Two and a half liters (five pints)  
B.) Two liters (four pints)  
C.) One and a half liters (three pints)  
\*D.) One liter (two pints)

[41.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.449) What should be done with all elderly hypoglycemic events?  
p. 271

\*A.) Take them to the hospital  
B.) Take them to their doctor   
C.) Take them to their home  
D.) Take them to their family

[42.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.490) What is the manner in which a person acts or performs?  
p. 289

A.) Personality  
B.) Intelligence  
C.) Filters  
\*D.) Behavior

[43.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.503) With which drug should you always wait for the police to  
arrive and secure the scene when the patient is conscious?  
p. 297

\*A.) PCP  
B.) Ludes  
C.) LSD  
D.) Poppy

[44.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.501) Which type of drugs tend to cause a fast pulse rate,  
dilated pupils and a flushed face?  
p. 297

A.) Uppers  
B.) Downers  
C.) Narcotics  
\*D.) Hallucinogens

[45.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.479) Where are the muscle cramps from heat exhaustion generally  
seen?  
p. 285

A.) Arms  
B.) Feet  
C.) Face  
\*D.) Legs

[46.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.466) What position should the responsive smoke inhalation  
patient be placed into if there are no spine injuries?  
p. 279

A.) Supine  
B.) Prone  
\*C.) Sitting  
D.) Recovery

[47.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.477) What is the condition called when an increase in body core  
temperature above its normal temperature occurs?  
p. 282

A.) Reactive temperature  
\*B.) Hyperthermia  
C.) Hypothermia  
D.) Allergic temperature

[48.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.496) Which condition can result in the smell of alcohol on the  
patient's breath?  
p. 293

A.) Cancer  
B.) Drug use  
\*C.) Diabetes  
D.) Schizophrenia

[49.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.482) In which situation will the patient most often be alert  
and sweaty with a normal body temperature?  
p. 286

A.) Heat fatigue  
\*B.) Heat cramps  
C.) Heat stroke  
D.) Heat exhaustion

[50.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.428) What does hyperventilation most often result from?  
p. 262

A.) Exertion  
\*B.) Stress  
C.) Clot  
D.) Disease

[51.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.484) How will the patient suffering from heat stroke be  
breathing?  
p. 286

A.) Slow, shallow  
\*B.) Rapid, shallow  
C.) Slow, deep  
D.) Rapid, deep

[52.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.447) In what condition may the skin of the hypoglycemic be?  
p. 270

A.) Flushed, cold, clammy  
B.) Flushed, warm, dry  
\*C.) Pale, cold, clammy  
D.) Pale, warm, dry

[53.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.468) Which should be done first when treating an absorbed  
poisoning patient?  
p. 280

A.) Remove contaminated clothing  
\*B.) Flush the area with water  
C.) Secure the patient's airway  
D.) Induce vomiting

[54.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.411) Which statement is NOT correct regarding a patient in  
cardiac compromise?  
p. 253

A.) Ensure an open airway and adequate breathing  
\*B.) Only leave them alone for short periods of time  
C.) Obtain a patient history  
D.) Keep the patient at rest

[55.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.487) How long should you assess the patient's pulse when  
treating for a cold emergency?  
p. 287

A.) 15 to 20 seconds  
B.) 10 to 15 seconds  
\*C.) 30 to 45 seconds  
D.) 45 to 60 seconds

[56.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.454) Which route of poisoning involves taking the poison into  
the body by way of the mouth?  
p. 274

A.) Absorption  
\*B.) Ingestion  
C.) Injection  
D.) Inhalation

[57.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.432) What must you do to start the process of determining the  
care needed for a patient with an altered mental status?  
p. 263

A.) Maintain an open airway   
B.) Determine any medical problems  
\*C.) Know patient's normal mental status  
D.) Establish who is the patient's caregiver

[58.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.443) Which organ secretes insulin to allow sugar to enter the  
blood cells so it can be used effectively?  
p. 268-269

A.) Brain  
B.) Kidney  
C.) Gallbladder  
\*D.) Pancreas

[59.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.417) How many times should you ask about the severity of the  
pain in a patient who is experiencing chest pain from   
congestive heart failure?  
p. 256

\*A.) Three  
B.) Four  
C.) Two  
D.) One

[60.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.489) Which is treatment for an early frostbite injury?  
p. 289

\*A.) Cover the extremity  
B.) Remove jewelry   
C.) Break any blisters  
D.) Rub the affected area

[61.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.431) What should be done to conserve body heat with the COPD  
patient?  
p. 263

A.) Place him in a heated car  
\*B.) Cover him  
C.) Give him coffee  
D.) Wrap him

[62.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.453) What should be done when the acute abdomen patient vomits?  
p. 274

A.) Analyze the vomitus  
B.) Help the patient vomit in the toilet  
C.) Give anti nausea medications  
\*D.) Save the vomitus for EMTs

[63.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.405) What is the third thing that needs to be done when  
assessing a medical patient?  
p. 249

A.) Perform an initial assessment  
\*B.) Perform a patient history  
C.) Complete ongoing assessments  
D.) Perform a physical exam, as appropriate

[64.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.473) What position should the kept in when suffering from a  
snakebite?  
p. 281

A.) Standing up  
\*B.) Laying down  
C.) Walking around  
D.) Sitting up

[65.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.436) Where are thrombolytics usually administered to the stroke  
patient?  
p. 267

A.) In the home  
B.) In the nursing home  
\*C.) In the hospital  
D.) In the field

[66.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.421) What is an important action that could increase the chest  
pain patient's chances for survival?  
p. 258

\*A.) Keeping them calm  
B.) Keeping them medicated  
C.) Keeping them awake  
D.) Keeping them engaged

[67.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.445) Who should always be contacted before assisting a patient  
with taking his medication?  
p. 269

A.) Family members  
B.) Primary care physician  
C.) Incident supervisor  
\*D.) Medical direction

[68.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.485) Which of the following is NOT a location to place an ice  
pack when cooling a patient suffering heat stroke?  
p. 286

A.) Groin  
B.) Ankles  
C.) Armpits  
\*D.) Abdomen

[69.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.491) What can you do to show the behavioral emergency patient  
you are listening?  
p. 290

A.) Maintain eye contact with the patient  
\*B.) Repeating part of what was said  
C.) Agree with them when they ask a question  
D.) Nod your head after each sentence

[70.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.461) Which of the following should you always check for before  
giving liquids to an ingested poison patient?  
p. 277

\*A.) Burns around the mouth  
B.) Burns on the fingertips  
C.) Burns on the neck  
D.) Burns on the chest

[71.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.406) Which of the following is NOT considered a common cause of  
cardiac compromise?  
p. 251

A.) Myocardial infarction  
B.) Angina pectoris  
C.) Congestive heart failure  
\*D.) Cardio pulmonary embolism

[72.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.498) What type of problems should you stay alert for when  
treating an alcohol emergency patient?  
p. 294

A.) Circulatory problems  
B.) Sudden pain  
C.) Lack of pain  
\*D.) Respiratory problems

[73.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.413) Which can trigger an acute case of congestive heart  
failure?  
p. 254

A.) Diseased heart valves  
\*B.) Heart attack  
C.) Hypertension  
D.) Lung disease

[74.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.462) How much activated charcoal should be given to an adult?  
p. 278

\*A.) 25 to 50 grams   
B.) 50 to 75 grams  
C.) 12.5 to 25 grams   
D.) 25 to 32.5 grams

[75.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.414) Which is one of the most common complaints of the elderly  
patient suffering from congestive heart failure?  
p. 254

A.) Trouble breathing  
B.) Nausea  
\*C.) Fatigue  
D.) Pedal edema

[76.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.426) Which of the following is NOT a sign and symptom of a  
patient with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease?  
p. 260

\*A.) Flushed, clammy skin  
B.) Dizziness  
C.) Shortness of breath  
D.) Cough

[77.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.412) What often triggers angina?  
p. 254

A.) Diabetes  
\*B.) Exertion  
C.) Overdose  
D.) Pregnancy

[78.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.488) Which sign and symptom is seen in early frostbite?  
p. 289

A.) White, waxy skin (in light-skinned patients)  
\*B.) If thawed, tingling sensation is present  
C.) Blisters may be present  
D.) Swelling may be present

[79.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.474) What should NOT be done to a snake bite unless instructed  
to do so by a physician?  
p. 281

A.) Place a constricting band above it  
\*B.) Place an icepack on it  
C.) Clean the area with soap and water  
D.) Keep it below heart level

[80.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.444) What is the condition of the skin in the patient suffering  
from hyperglycemia?  
p. 269

A.) Moist, cool  
\*B.) Dry, warm  
C.) Moist, warm  
D.) Dry, cool

[81.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.430) What position is often comfortable for COPD patients?  
p. 263

A.) Prone  
B.) Recumbent  
C.) Supine  
\*D.) Tripod

[82.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.435) What is the best position to place a patient who may have  
had a stroke?  
p. 265

A.) Prone  
B.) Semi sitting  
\*C.) Recovery  
D.) Supine

[83.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.465) What will be your first priority when treating a patient  
with smoke inhalation?  
p. 279

A.) Skin care  
B.) Eyes  
C.) Injuries  
\*D.) Airway

[84.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.408) Which statement is correct?  
p. 252

\*A.) Most cardiac arrests are the result of an MI, most MIs do  
not result in a cardiac arrest  
B.) Most cardiac arrests are the result of an MI, some MIs do  
result in a cardiac arrest  
C.) No cardiac arrests are the result of an MI, some MIs do  
not result in a cardiac arrest  
D.) No cardiac arrests are the result of an MI, all MIs do  
result in a cardiac arrest

[85.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.434) How can you check for facial droop in a patient you  
suspect has had a stroke?  
p. 265

A.) Have him grimace  
\*B.) Have him smile  
C.) Have him look up   
D.) Have him look angry

[86.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.407) Which of the following supply the heart with oxygenated  
blood?  
p. 252

\*A.) Coronary arteries  
B.) Pulmonary arteries  
C.) Coronary veins  
D.) Pulmonary veins

[87.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.481) How may the skin present in a patient suffering from heat  
exhaustion?  
p. 285

\*A.) Normal or cool  
B.) Cool or cold  
C.) Cool or warm  
D.) Warm of hot

[88.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.463) Which are common indicators of an inhaled poison?  
p. 278

A.) Vomiting  
B.) Dilation  
\*C.) Cough  
D.) Burns

[89.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.438) What is the physical result of a generalized seizure?  
p. 267

\*A.) Convulsions  
B.) Loss of concentration  
C.) Confusion  
D.) Loss of coordination

[90.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.469) Which type of injected poisoning has a different treatment  
from all other types?  
p. 280

A.) Drug overdose  
B.) Marine life stings  
\*C.) Snakebite  
D.) Insect bite

[91.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.451) Which of the following may be an indication of an aortic  
aneurysm?  
p. 273

A.) Distention  
B.) Rectal bleeding  
C.) Rigidity  
\*D.) Pulsating mass

[92.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.441) What should be done if the patient reports that this is  
his first seizure?  
p. 268

\*A.) Activate EMS  
B.) Release him to his family  
C.) Allow him to leave  
D.) Contact his doctor

[93.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.497) What would NOT you expect to see when a patient is  
suffering from DTs?  
p. 294

\*A.) Low blood pressure, slow heart rate  
B.) Confusion and restlessness  
C.) Hallucinations  
D.) Gross tremor of the hands

[94.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.425) What position will a patient be found in usually when he  
is having difficulty breathing?  
p. 259

A.) On his left side  
\*B.) Sitting upright  
C.) Laying down  
D.) On his right side

[95.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.486) Where should you place the back of your ungloved hand to  
determine the extent of the cold emergency?  
p. 287

A.) Groin  
B.) Neck  
\*C.) Abdomen  
D.) Forehead

[96.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.502) Which of the following is NOT often seen in a patient who  
is abusing narcotics?  
p. 296

A.) Reduced breathing rate  
B.) Reduced pulse  
\*C.) Reduced skin coloration  
D.) Lowered skin temperature

[97.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.442) What is the main source of energy for the body's cells?  
p. 268

A.) Sucrose  
B.) Lactose  
\*C.) Glucose  
D.) Fructose

[98.](mailto:rfquestion@disisit.com?subject=RESPOND8.472) What should be done when the bite is known to be from a  
coral snake?  
p. 281

A.) Place one constricting band over the bite  
B.) Place one constricting band below the bite  
\*C.) Place one constricting band above the bite  
D.) Place one constricting band above and below the bite